

### Measure Up Pressure Down®

**American Medical Group Foundation** 





Release of new campaign materials for NHBPEM

May 2015

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
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Roll Up Your Sleeves! Health Expo



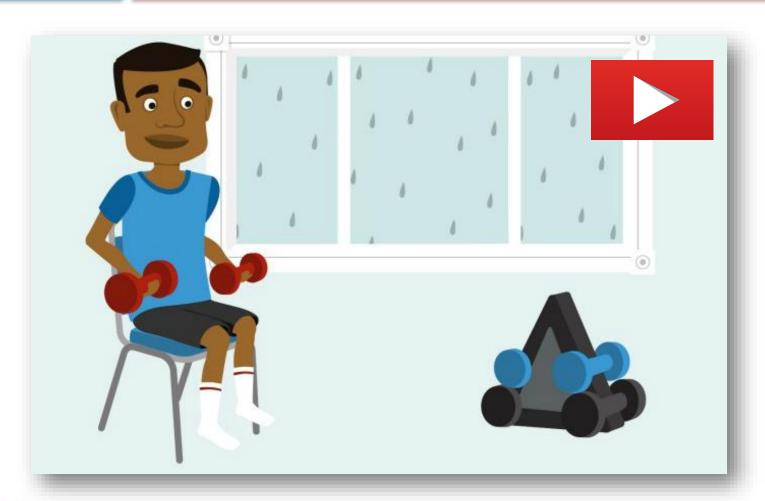
### Measure Up Pressure Down®

American Medical Group Foundation





# "Choose Your Path" Patient Video







# "It Takes a Team" Provider/Staff Video







#### **Health Disparities Factsheets**

#### AFRICAN AMERICANS & HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE

High blood pressure, or hypertension, means that the force of blood pushing through your body is too strong. That pressure puts a strain on your arteries, which carry blood from your heart to your entire body. High blood pressure can lead to stroke or heart disease, two of America's too causes of death.

40%

of African Americans have high blood pressure

#### WHY?

African Americans:

- Respond differently to high blood pressure medication
- May be more sensitive to salt, which can raise your blood pressure
- Tend to get high blood pressure earlier in life
- Often have more severe high blood pressure
- Are less likely to achieve blood pressure goals with treatment
- Have higher rates of early death from high blood pressure-related problems



#### YOUR ROADMAP TO MANAGING HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE

Here are some ways you can lower your risk:

- Pay attention to food labels. For those with high blood pressure, salt intake should be capped at 1,500 mg daily (2,300 mg for others).
- Know your blood pressure numbers and follow up with your doctor for treatment as needed.
- Lower stress by creating your own personal stress-busters, like laughter, sleep, music, and worship.
- Set small weight loss goals such as taking the stairs instead of the elevator or substituting fruit for dessert twice a week.

#### with support from

with support from
UNITED HEALTH FOUNDATION\*

#### HISPANICS & HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE

High blood pressure, or hypertension, means that the force of blood pushing through your body is too strong. That pressure puts a strain on your arteries, which carry blood from your heart to your entire body. High blood pressure can lead to stroke or heart disease, two of America's top causes of death.



#### 25%

#### of Hispanics have high blood pressure.

WHY?
In relation to many other races,

Hispanics are **more likely** to:

- Be unaware that they have

- Be unaware that they have high blood pressure
- Not take high blood pressure medication
- Delay care or avoid visits to their doctor
- Have uncontrolled high blood pressure
- Have higher risks of heart disease

#### YOUR ROADMAP TO MANAGING HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE

Here are some ways you can lower your risk:

- Watch the amount of food you put on your plate, and enjoy healthier options of your favorite meals.
- Set small weight loss goals such as going for a walk after dinner or replacing salt with herbs and spices.
- Know your limits when it comes to alcohol one drink a day for women and two drinks a day for men.
- Check your blood pressure regularly. Many community locations, including grocery stores and fire departments, offer free screenings.



with support from
UNITED HEALTH FOUNDATION



Pressure Down

www.MeasureUpPressureDown.com





### Measure Up Pressure Down®

American Medical Group Foundation

National Day of Action: Roll Up Your Sleeves!



#### **May 7: National Day of Action**

# NATIONAL DAY OF



THURSDAY, MAY 7TH





As of May 13th

#### National Day of Action Participants

Accredited Home Care

Affinity Medical Group

Allegan County Building Ties

American Diabetes Association

American Diabetes Association's

**Buffalo Office** 

American Heart Association

American Heart Association Alabama

Region

American Heart Association Greater

Washington Region

American Journal of Managed Care

American Kidney Fund

American Medical Association

American Medical Group Association

American Medical Group Foundation

American Society of Hypertension

Anceta LLC

Arch Health Partners

AtCor Medical

Atrius Health

Austin Regional Clinic

**Baptist Medical Group** 

Baylor Health Care

System/HealthTexas Provider

**Measure Up** 

American Medical Group Foundation

Network

Bend Memorial Clinic

**Billings Clinic** 

BlueCare Tennessee

BodyCraft

**Brown & Toland Physicians** 

Cardiopulmonary Rehabilitation at Southern

New Hampshire Medical Center

Caribbean Cardiac

Carle Physician Group

CHANGE, Inc.

Choice Medicine

Colorado Springs Health Partners

DC Fire & EMS

DC Health Link

**Defeat Diabetes Foundation** 

District of Columbia Department of Health

**Dodge Communications** 

**Employer Services** 

**Enduring Hearts** 

Erie Family Health Center-Helping Hands

Esse Health

Essentia Health

**Evans Blount Healthcare** 

**Express Scripts** 

Fatherhood.gov

Florida Medical Clinic

Greater Washington Hispanic Chamber of

Commerce

**Group Health Cooperative of South Central** 

Wisconsin

Hager Sharp

**Harvard Vanguard Medical Associates** 

Healthcare Financial Management Association

South Carolina

HealthyWomen

Heffelfinger & Associates

Henry Ford Medical Group

Home Health Quality Improvement National

Campaign

**Innovative Health Solutions** 

**Innovative Health Solutions** 

Inova Health System

Inova Medical Group

Intermountain Health

JCF Corp.

Jefferson Healthcare

Johns Hopkins Center to Eliminate Cardiovascular

**Health Disparities** 

Johns Hopkins Medicine Armstrong Institute for

Patient Safety and Quality

Maine Center for Disease Control & Prevention

Mango Health

Marshall B. Ketchum University

Mayo Health Systems

McDonald's Restaurants of the Tri-State Area

(WV/KY/OH)

Measure Up/Pressure Down®

MedStar Family Choice

MedStar Franklin Square Medical Center

Department of Family Medicine

Men's Health Network

Mercy Clinics East Division

MI Express Care

Million Hearts®

Million Hearts® Delaware

Ministry Medical Group



As of May 13th

#### National Day of Action Participants

Nantucket (MA) Health Department National Organization of Nurses with

Disabilities

**NEA Baptist Clinic** 

New Jersey Medical School Alumni

Association

**New West Physicians** 

Northeast Georgia Health System

Nothing But The Best

Olmsted Medical Center

Palo Alto Medical Foundation

**Premier Medical Associates** 

Prevea Health

**Preventive Cardiovascular Nurses** 

Association

**PriMed Physicians** 

**ProHealth Physicians** 

Providence Hospital Fort Lincoln

Family Medicine Center

**Quincy Medical Group** 

Ralphs

**Redwood Community Health** 

Coalition

Referral MD

Right Care Initiative

Sacred Heart Hospital Pensacola Santa Clara County (CA) Public Health

Sharp Rees-Stealy Medical Group

Slocum-Dickson Medical Group PLLC

Somerset County (NJ) Department of Health Southern New Hampshire Health System Springfield Clinic

StrategicHealthSolutions

**Summit Medical Group** 

Swedish American

The Everett Clinic

The Iowa Clinic

The Polyclinic

ThedaCare Physicians

Tulane University Medical Group

**United Health Foundation** 

United Way of Monroe County

Unity Health Care UnityPoint Clinic

University of Maryland School of Pharmacy's

APhA-ASP Operation Heart

University of Utah Healthcare Community

Clinics

US Department of Health and Human Services,

Region II Office of the Assistant Secretary for

Health USMD

**Utah Hospital Association** 

VNA Care Network & Hospice

Voices For Health

Watson Clinic

Weill Cornell Physician Organization

Welch Allyn

Well3 Pikes Peak

Wellmont Medical Associates

WESTMED Medical Group

Withings

WomenHeart: The National Coalition for Women

with Heart Disease

West Virginia Bureau for Public Health - Division of

Health Promotion and Chronic Disease

Wyoming Department of Health

YMCA of Metropolitan Washington







### National Day of Action Impact Report

2014



<u>2015</u>



Email your plans to MUPDNationalDayofAction@amga.org!







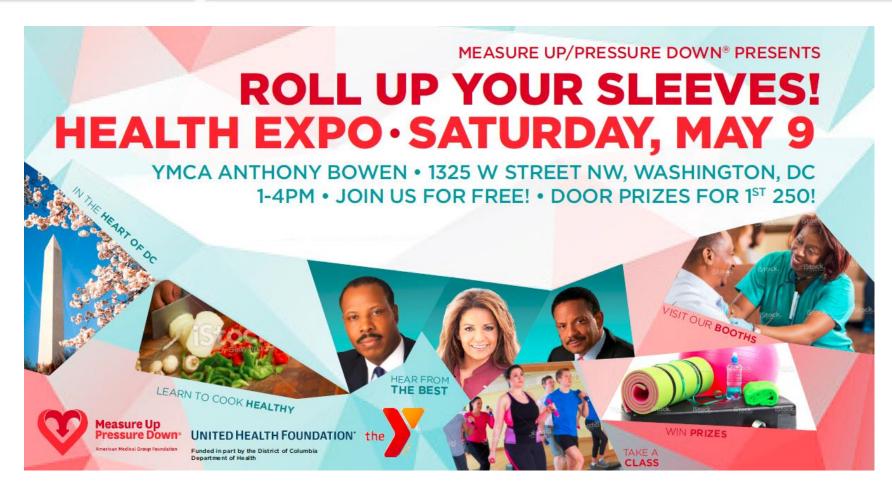
### Measure Up Pressure Down®

**American Medical Group Foundation** 

Roll Up Your Sleeves!
Health Expo



# Roll Up Your Sleeves! Health Expo









### Measure Up Pressure Down®

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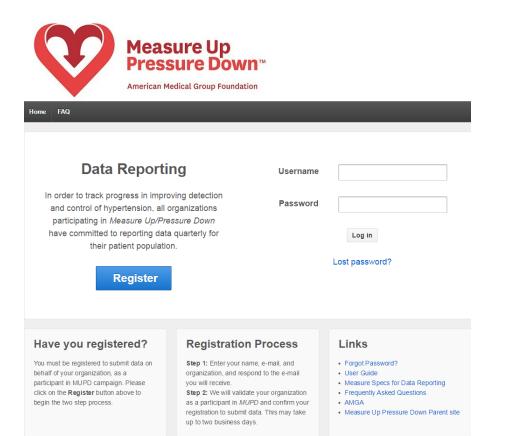




#### Q1 2015 Reporting Open

- Q1 2015 data is currently accepted through the campaign portal
- To report your data, please visit:

https://members.measureuppressuredown.com/



Q1 2015
Reporting Deadline:
June 30, 2015

# 2015 Institute for Quality Leadership Conference



### Sacramento Family Medical Center



# Sacramento Family Medical Clinics

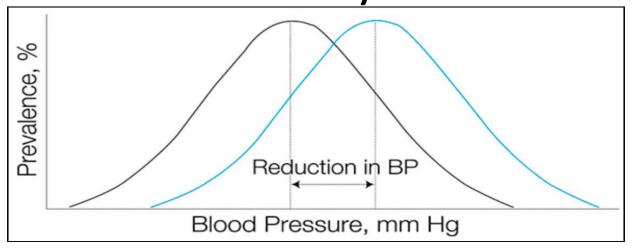
Dr. Gilbert Simon Medical Director

#### Why hypertension is top priority

- Common denominator risk factor
- High prevalence
- Poor control rate
- Good BP control = Decreases mortality



#### Small Reductions in Systolic BP Can Save Many Lives



Reduction in BP,	% Reduction in Mortality			
Mm Hg	Stroke	CHD	Total	
2	-6	-4	-3	
3	-8	-5	-4	
5	-14	-9	-7 Sacramento Family Medical Center	

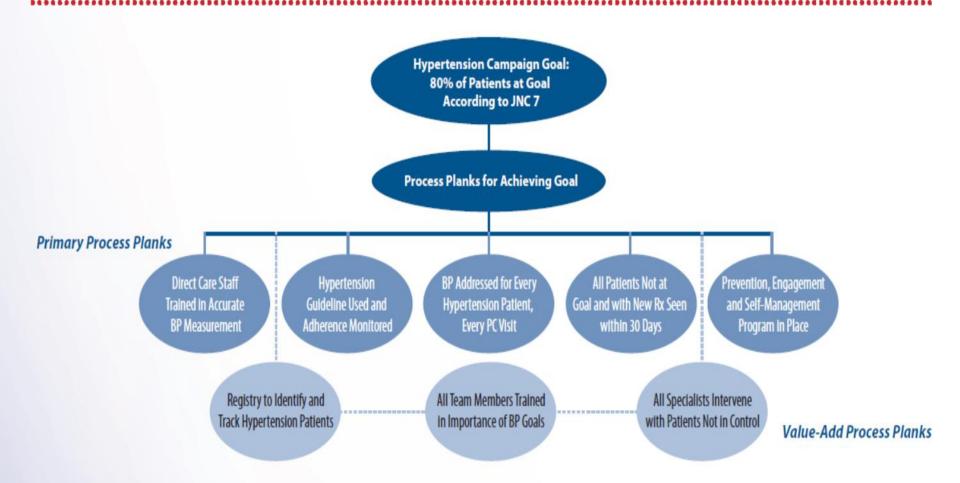
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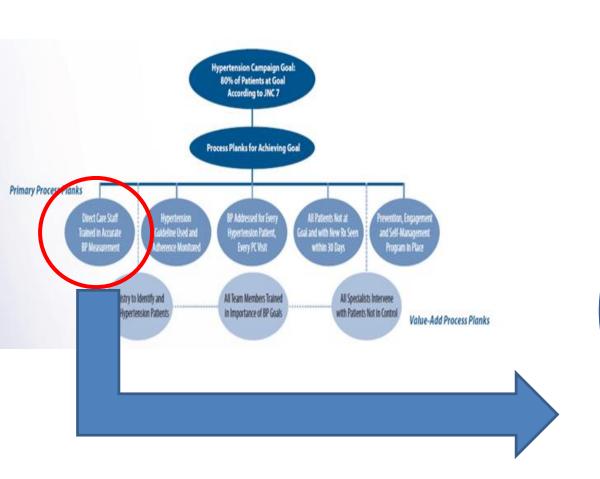
#### Best Practice: Measure Up Pressure Down





#### **Campaign Planks**

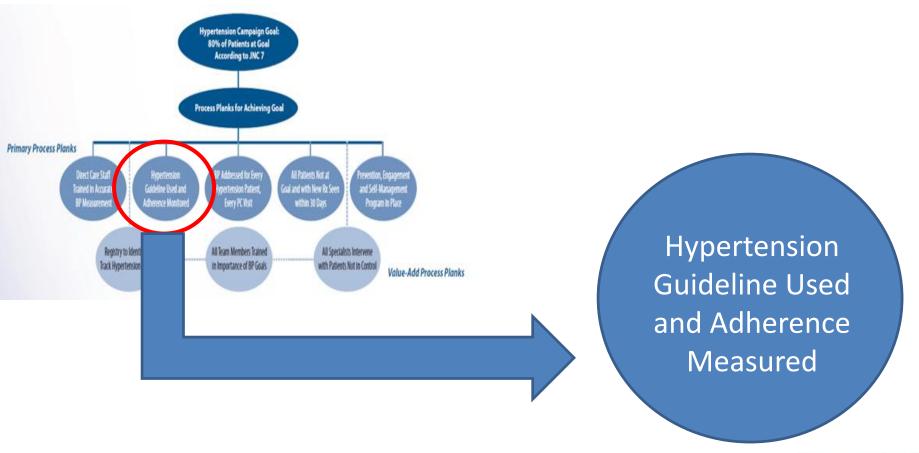




Direct Care
Staff Trained in
Accurate BP
Measurement

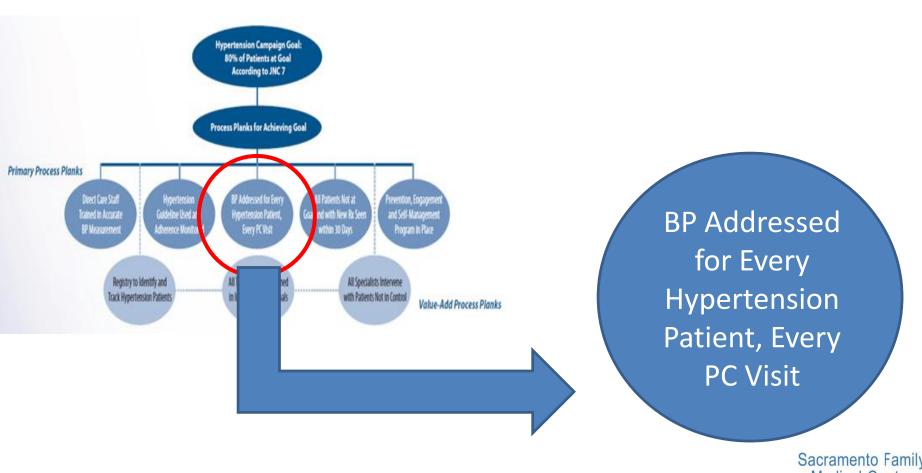
Sacramento Family Medical Center





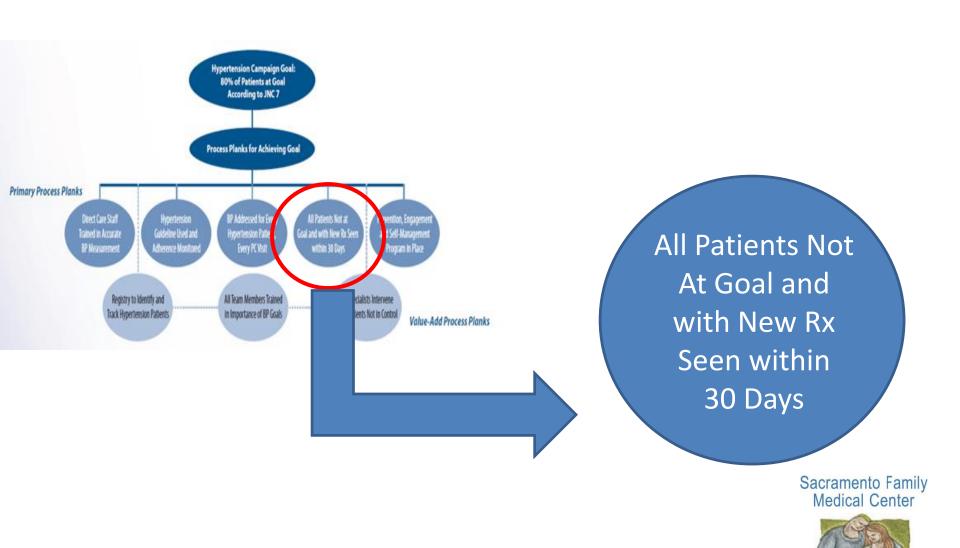
Sacramento Family Medical Center





Sacramento Family **Medical Center** 

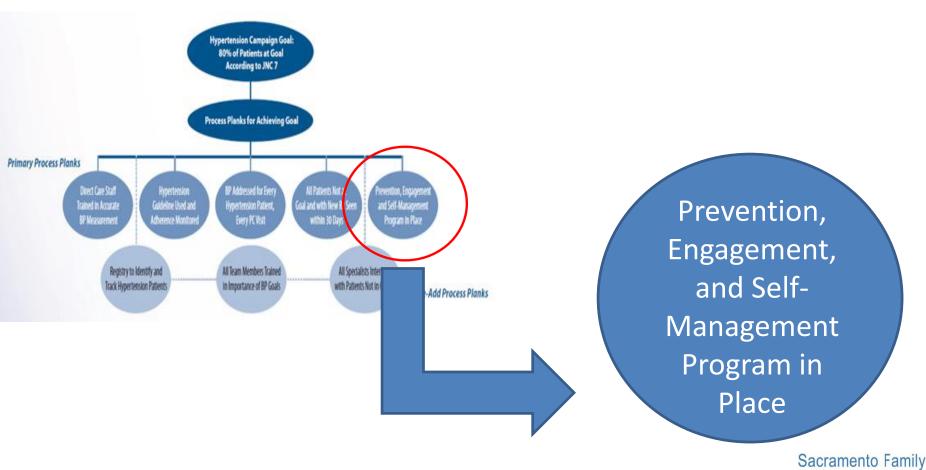




### Office Manager's Script for No-Shows

- Can you come in today for a blood pressure check?
   Tomorrow, then?
- This is why we have to lower your blood pressure:
  - Every point we lower makes you healthier.
  - 20 points off the top number cuts your risk of a heart attack in half.
  - If your pressure stays where it is, you have one chance in six of dying in two years.

Medical Center



**Medical Center** 



## Say What? How Written Instructions May Appear

Your naicisyhp has dednemmocer that you have a ypocsonoloc. Ypocsonoloc is a test for noloc recnac. It sevlovni gnitresni a elbixelf gniweiv epocs nto your mutcer. You must drink a laiceps diugil the thgin erofeb the noitanimaxe to naelc out your noloc. Sacramento Family

Medical Center

# Health Literacy What is it and why does it matter

- THE DEGREE TO WHICH INDIVUALS HAVE THE CAPACITY TO OBTAIN, PROCESS AND UNDERSTAND BASIC HEALTH INFORMATION AND SERVICES NEEDED TO MAKE APPROPRIATE HEALTH DECISIONS.
- POOR HEALTH LITERACY IS A STRONGER PREDICTOR OF A PERSON'S HEALTH THAN AGE, INCOME, EMPLOYMENT STATUS, EDUCATION LEVEL AND RACE.

SOURCE: AMA REPORT: HEALTH LITERACY AND PATIENT SAFETY: HELP PATIENTS UNDERSTAND



#### IMPACT OF LOW HEALTH LITERACY

- THOSE THAT HAVE LOW HEALTH LITERACY COST 4 TIMES AS MUCH AS THOSE WITH HIGH LITERACY, AND ACCOUNT FOR 50-70 BILLION DOLLARS/YEAR OR 3-5% OF TOTAL COST
- HOSPITALIZATION RATES ARE 50% HIGHER IN LOW HEALTH LITERATES
- MAKE MORE MEDICATION ERORS
- LESS LIKELY TO COMPLY WITH TREATMENTS

thick they have equipment

• LACK THE SKILLS NEEDED TO SUCCESSFULLY NEGOTIATE and Medical Center HEALTH CARE SYSTEM

#### Health Literacy

	Office of Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Health Communication Activities	
Health Literacy Level	Task Examples	Percentage
Proficient	Using a table, calculate an employee's share of health insurance costs for a year.	12%
Intermediate	Read instructions on a prescription label, and determine what time a person can take the medication.	53%
Basic	Read a pamphlet, and give two reasons a person with no symptoms should be tested for a disease.	21%
Below Basic	Read a set of short instructions, and identify what is permissible to drink before a medical test.	14%

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, 2003 National Assessment of Adult Literacy.





#### Health Literacy (cont'd)

Age	Below Basic	Basic	Intermediate	Proficient
16–49	11%	20%	56%	13%
50–64	13%	22%	53%	12%
65–75	23%	28%	44%	5%
Over 75	39%	31%	29%	1%

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, 2003 National Assessment of Adult Literacy.



#### Health Literacy (cont'd)

Insurance Source	Below Basic	Basic	Intermediate	Proficient
Employer Provided	7%	17%	62%	14%
Military	12%	21%	56%	11%
Privately Purchased	13%	24%	54%	9%
Medicare	27%	30%	40%	3%
Medicaid	30%	30%	37%	3%
No Insurance	28%	25%	41%	6%

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, 2003 National Assessment of Adult Literacy.



#### MOTIVATIONAL CONVERSATION

Objective: To encourage patient to discuss their personal barriers to changing their behavior by a four step process:

- 1) asking strategic questions and then listening reflectively and empathically
- 2) assessing readiness to make changes
- 3) obtaining permission to introduce information
- 4) ending with an encouraging summary of visit.



#### **Strategic Questions**

- If you keep doing what you're doing, how do you see things turning out?
- What do you think you're doing that isn't so good for you?
- How would your life be different if you weren't doing it?
- What would you need to change to achieve your goals
- How can I help you succeed?



#### Expressions of empathy

I know how hard it is.

I understand what you're saying

 I can only imagine how hard that must be for you.



#### Assessment of Readiness

Ask on a scale of 1-10, how important is it for you to stop smoking, lose weight, keep appointments, take meds, etc..

If low number, say "I guess this isn't important to you right now but I am here for you when you are ready.

If number is medium, ask what would it take to get you to a higher number.

If high, say "can I make a few suggestions now?"



#### Asking for permission

There are a few things we can do to help you. Would you like to hear about them?

Would you like to know why I think you are having trouble losing weight(stopping smoking, taking medications)?

May I give you my opinion(thought) (ideas)?

I'd like to discuss treatment options with you. Would that be OK?

Would you like to hear more about it?

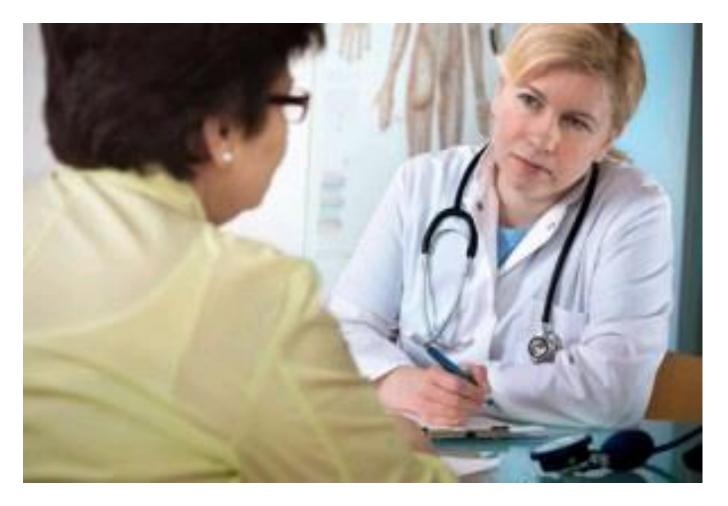


#### Summation with praise

- These are some of the solutions we have talked about.
- Tell me in your words what you are going to do.
- How much do you think is possible to accomplish between now and our next visit?
- Wonderful. Good job!



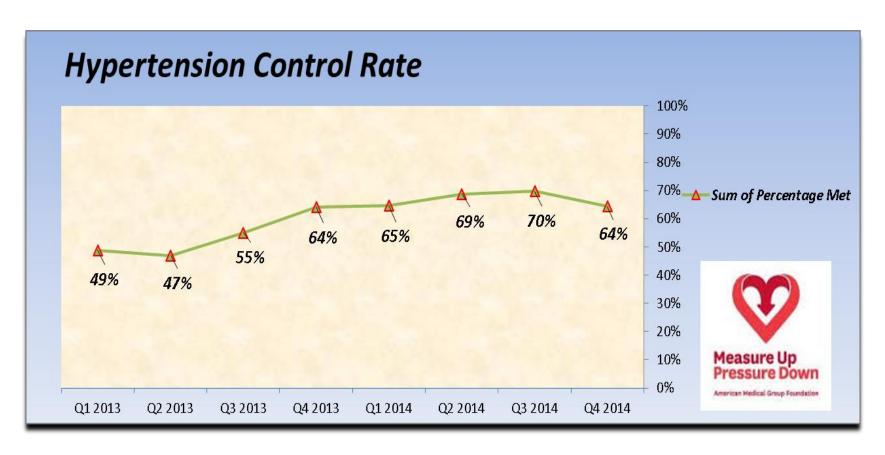
#### A GOOD DOCTOR LISTENS



Sacramento Family Medical Center



#### Results: Patients



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#### Case Study One

- Almost 70 y/o Latino man with DM, COPD, HTN, Obesity, intolerance to ACE inhibitor
- 3/12/14 Visit one, a walk-in:
  - BP 176/88, 186/94
  - Off medications
  - PCP obtained Micardis/HCT 40/12.5 by requesting prior authorization
- 3/26/14 First follow-up with MA
  - BP 156/96
  - RX changed to Micardis/HCT 80/25
- 4/18/14 Second follow-up with MA
  - BP 138/64



#### Case Study Two

- 55 y/o woman with chronic hip pain, HTN
- 12/18/12 Visit one:
  - BP 140/96, taking Amlodopine 5 and Triamterine/HCTZ 37.5/25
- 8 Visits
  - BP 140/112, Amlodopine increased to 10
- 2/7/14 New clinician
  - BP 140/112, Lisinopril added
- 3/7/14
  - -BP 100/62





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Questions?

